Name	7 <sup>th</sup> Grade Teacher:
	Summer 2021

The following packet will help you prepare for 8th grade math by reviewing the concepts you studied during 7th grade. If you need help to complete a problem the following websites are useful by searching the topic listed above the question.

7th into 8th GRADE PRE-ALGEBRA SUMMER REVIEW: MATH

http://www.virtualnerd.com/middle-math/all

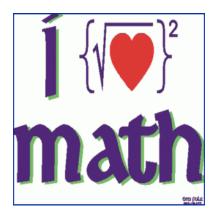
http://www.purplemath.com/modules/index.htm

www.khanacademy.com

#### 1. DO NOT USE A CALCULATOR ON THIS ASSIGNMENT.

2. The purpose of this assignment is to reinforce concepts taught in 7th grade and prepare students to expand and build on previous knowledge.

We are looking forward to a great school year.



• ADDING INTEGERS- add integers with the same sign and subtract integers with different signs

• Example: 
$$-2 + -4 = -6$$
 and  $5 + (-2) = 3$ 

• SUBTRACTING INTEGERS- add its opposite

• Example: 
$$5 - (-3) = 8$$
 and  $-6 - (-3) = -3$ 

• MULTIPLYING/DIVIDING INTEGERS- the product or quotient of two integers with different signs is negative and the product or quotient of two integers with the same sign is positive.

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Example: 5(-3) = -15 and (-6)(-4) = 24 Example: -14/2 = -7 and -20/-4 = 5
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THE DISTRIBUTIVE PROPERTY- combines multiplication with addition or subtraction

Example: 
$$3(x + 2) = 3x + 6$$
 and  $4(y - 3) = 4y - 12$ 

- ORDER OF OPERATIONS- Evaluate the expressions inside the parenthesis, multiply and/or divide from left to right, and then add and/or subtract from left to right. (PEMDAS)
  - Example: 5(6+1) 3\*3 = 26
- EVALUATE EXPRESSIONS- replace the variable(s) with known values and follow order of operations.
  - Example: Evaluate when x = 2 and y = 3; 5xy + x = 5(2)(3) + 2 = 32
- ONE STEP EQUATIONS/ TWO STEP EQUATIONS- An equation is a mathematical statement that has two expressions separated by an equal sign. The expression on the left side of the equal sign has the same value as the expression on the right side. To solve an equation means to determine a numerical value for a variable that makes this statement true by isolating or moving everything except the variable to one side of the equation. To do this, combine like terms on each side, then add or subtract the same value from both sides. Remember to keep both sides of an equation equal, you must do exactly the same thing to each side of the equation.
  - Example: Solve: x + 5 = 11; subtract 5 on both sides; x = 6 and 2x 3 = 13; add 3 on both sides, then divide by 2; x = 8
- PLOTING POINTS- The first coordinate of a plotted point is called the 'x' coordinate. The 'x' coordinate is the horizontal distance from the origin to the plotted point. The second coordinate of a plotted point is called the 'y' coordinate. The 'y' coordinate is the vertical distance from the origin to the plotted point.
  - Example: to locate the point: (2, 3) on our graph below, we start at the origin and move 2 units horizontally and 3 units vertically
- ROUND DECIMALS Understand the place values 2.375; "2" is the number of ones; "3" is the number of tenths; "7" is the number of hundredths; "5" is the number of thousandths. Next find the place value you want to round to then look at one place value to the right based on the number in this place, you'll round either up if the number if 5 or greater or keep the value if it less than 5.
  - Example: round 12.8953 to the tenths place value; the 8 is in the tenths place value refer to the 9 to determine that the 8 needs to be rounded to a 9 = 12.9

#### ADDING/SUBTRACTING INTEGERS - DO NOT USE A CALCULATOR

Simplify each expression.

$$2. -2 + (-1) + 6 =$$

$$3. 9 + (-4) + 3 =$$

9. 
$$-7y - (-12y) =$$

4. 
$$-6.3 + 7.4 =$$

10. 
$$15xy - (-6xy) =$$

5. 
$$-10t + 9t =$$

11. 
$$-53va - 32va =$$

6. 
$$3y + 6y + (-10y) =$$

12. 
$$4x - (-3x) + 5y - 4y =$$

#### MULTIPLYING/ DIVIDING INTEGERS-DO NOT USE A CALCULATOR

7. 
$$(-3)(-9)(2) =$$

8. 
$$(8)(-2)(1) =$$

9. 
$$\frac{12}{-6}$$
 =

14. 
$$-21 \div (-7) =$$

15. 
$$\frac{0}{-6}$$
 =

### THE DISTRIBUTIVE PROPERTY - DO NOT USE A CALCULATOR

Use the distributive property to write expression as an equivalent expression.

1. 
$$3(x + 2) =$$

2. 
$$-2(c+7) =$$

3. 
$$-15(4+n) =$$

4. 
$$(x + 3)(-3) =$$

5. 
$$8(x + 60) =$$

6. 
$$-(x-3)+6=$$

## ORDER OF OPERATIONS – <u>DO NOT USE A CALCULATOR</u>

Evaluate each expression.

1. 
$$6 + 3(9) =$$

2. 
$$\frac{60}{5(3)}$$
 =

3. 
$$2(6+2)-4(3)=$$

4. 
$$8(7) - 14 + 2 =$$

5. 
$$-3(4+5)+-9=$$

## EVALUATING EXPRESSIONS – DO NOT USE A CALCULATOR

Evaluate each expression if x = 10, y = -5, and z = 1.

1. 
$$\frac{x}{y}$$

2. 
$$xy + z$$

3. 
$$x(2+z)$$

4. 
$$\frac{x+y}{z}$$

5. 
$$5(z-x)$$

## ONE STEP EQUATIONS – <u>DO NOT USE A CALCULATOR</u>

Solve each equation and check your solution.

1. 
$$-3x = 15$$

2. 
$$\frac{x}{8} = 0$$

3. 
$$x + 5 = 2$$

4. 
$$x - 7 = -5$$

5. 
$$y - (-9) = 12$$

## TWO STEP EQUATIONS – $\underline{\text{DO NOT USE A CALCULATOR}}$

1. 
$$3x - 5 = 4$$

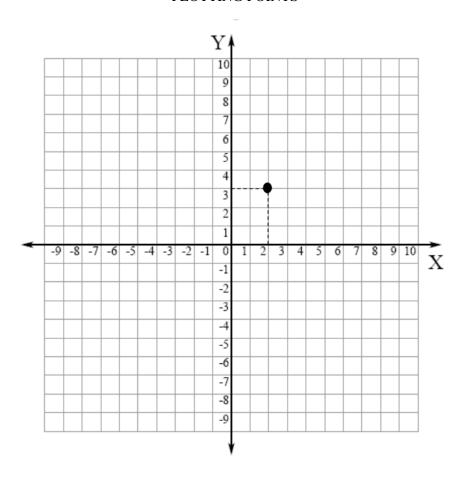
2. 
$$2(2x+3)=6$$

$$3. \ \frac{1}{4}x + 9 = -2$$

4. 
$$5x + 5 = 35$$

5. 
$$3 = 4 + \frac{x}{-3}$$

#### PLOTTING POINTS



#### Plot each of the points on the graph and label with the letter given

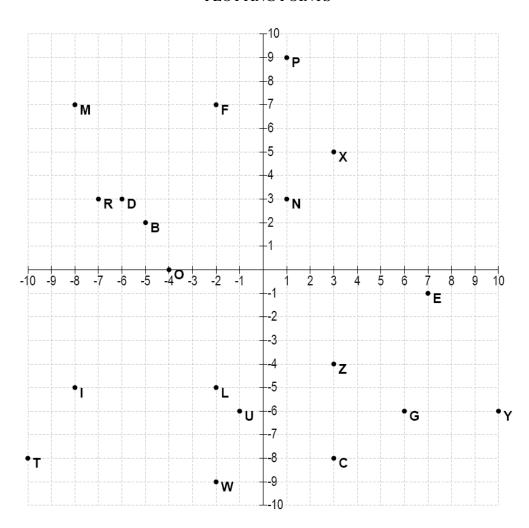
- (1) Point D at (0, 10)
- ( 5 ) Point E at (-4, -8)
- (9) Point P at (9, -10)

- (2) Point J at (-1, 6)
- ( 6 ) Point F at (5, 6)
- (10) Point G at (-7, 9)

- (3) Point O at (-8, 1)
- ( 7 ) Point S at (-8, 2)
- (11) Point Z at (7, -5)

- (4) Point B at (-9, -3)
- (8) Point H at (6, 8)
- (12) Point Y at (0, -8)

### PLOTTING POINTS



# Write the coordinates of each point:

1 ) Point L:	6) Point F:	11) Point N:	16) Point O:
2 ) Point U:	7 ) Point X:	12) Point D:	17) Point W:
3 ) Point B:	8) Point I:	13) Point Y:	18) Point T:
4) Point P:	9) Point G:	14) Point R:	
5 ) Point C:	10) Point M:	15) Point E:	

#### **ROUNDING DECIMALS**

### Round to the nearest tenth.

- 1. -8.54
- 2. 310.286 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. 90.79 \_\_\_\_\_

#### Round to the nearest hundredth.

- 4. 4.826
- 5. 723.543 \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. -6.0127 \_\_\_\_\_

#### Round to the nearest whole number.

- 7. 4.012
- 8. 95.81 \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. 70.59